

#### North American Carbon Program

Continental Carbon Budgets, Dynamics, Processes, and Management



# GLOBE Carbon Cycle: Integrating NASA Carbon Cycle Science with GLOBE education

Scott Ollinger, Jana Albrechtova, Lara Gengarelly, Mary Martin, Annette Schloss, Rita Freuder, Sarah Silverberg and Gary Randolph



## **Global Carbon Cycle: Role of Plants**



GLOBE

## **Global Carbon Cycle: Role of Plants**

The basic question:

#### What do the Plants Need to Grow?



#### And How the Plants are Connected to Global Carbon Cycle?



## **Proposed Activities Under Development**



- 1. Global Carbon Model
- 2. Field Measurements
- 3. Remote Sensing Toolkit
- 4. PnET Ecosystem Model

## **5. Plant-a-Plant Experiments**

- **O** Hands-on activities: range of cultivation experiments with real plants
- o Experiments are designed for different levels of difficulties
- o Exploration and validation of necessity of sources determining plant growth
- **o Demonstration that CO<sub>2</sub> is incorporated into plant biomass**
- Understand changes in carbon storage at the ecosystem rather than global level

## **Czech Collaboration - Project team**





Charles University of Prague, Faculty of Science Project coordinator and PI: Jana Albrechtová Associate Professor, Head of the Department of Plant Physiology Administration: Zuzana Lhotáková



#### **TEREZA** Association,

NGO focused on environmental education, coordinator of GLOBE project in Czech Republic; www.terezanet.cz

Project coordinator: Dana Votápková

Administration: Kateřina Čiháková, Barbora Semeráková

GLOBE

**Carbon Cycle** 

Developing easy experiments which should allow students to:

Formulate their own hypotheses about plant growth and effects of different resources on it Conduct experiments based on given information Record observations and measurements Evaluate obtained data Make conclusions based on obtained data and evaluate the validity of the original hypotheses



## Preconditions of the experimental design:

- 1. Selected plant species should be available worldwide
- 2. Experiments should last up to 14-30 days
- 3. Low cost, high availability materials

## Solutions:

- 1. Maize
- 2. Tests in progress
- 3. Materials: laboratory scale, plastic pots or containers, plastic bottles, sand, ruler, alluminium foil.... commercially available fertilizer is being tested

#### **Experiments on:**



#### **Experiment 1 - CARBON DIOXIDE**

Question: How much CO<sub>2</sub> is needed for plant growth?



#### **Experiment 2 – LIGHT**

Question: Why do plants need light?



#### **Experiment 3 – WATER**

Question: Why do plants need to drink to be alive?



#### **Experiment 4 – MINERAL NUTRIENTS**

**Question: why are nutrients needed for plant growth?** 



## All four experiments – one material: Germinated Maize seeds

#### DAY 1



Maize seeds prepared for germination on water saturated sand

Maize seeds with root elongated enough, ready for cultivation

DAY 7



# Y

#### **Experiment 1 - CARBON DIOXIDE**

#### Question: How much $CO_2$ is needed for plant growth?

Experiment on maize grown in CO2 decreased atmosphere

#### Cultivation in 1 Liter milk bottles









✓ Reliable, statistically significant results

✓ Ready for classroom testing in school year 2007/2008



#### Experiment 2 – LIGHT

**Question: Why do plants need light?** 

#### Experiment on maize grown in dark

Cultivation in sand, dark treatment under flower pots or paper boxes









✓ Reliable, statistically significant results

✓ Ready for classroom testing in school year 2007/2008



#### Experiment 3 – WATER

Question: Why do plants need to drink to be alive?

Experiment on maize grown with different water supply

✓ Reliable, statistically significant results
✓ Ready for classroom testing in school year
2007/2008

## Cultivation in sand, defined volume of water supply











**Experiment 4 – MINERAL NUTRIENTS** Question: why are nutrients needed for plant growth?

Experiment on maize grown in dark with increasing concentration of fertilizer

Cultivation in sand in the pots, treatments with increasing concentration of complex fertilizer (Kristalon Start) in watering





Kristalon Start concentration



✓ Reliable, statistically significant results ✓ Ready for classroom testing in school year 2007/2008



#### **Experiment 4 – MINERAL NUTRIENTS**



#### **Teachers' Think Tank Workshop**

#### **Carbon Cycle**

GLOBE







## **Teachers' Think Tank Workshop**







## GLOBE Carbon Cycle Project Czech Republic Teachers' Think Tank Workshop

## March 24-25, 2007, Prague

Charles University of Prague, Faculty of Science Department of Plant Physiology

**TEREZA Association (GLOBE coordinator in Czech Republic)** 

## **Teachers' Think Tank Workshop**

#### **Carbon Cycle**

GLOBE

**Carbon Cycle Project Participants** 

= students and teachers of secondary schools experienced in GLOBE activities

**Pilot 10 schools:** 

- from the Czech Republic and from the USA
- participate in evolving and testing new GLOBE protocols and activities of Carbon Cycle Project









## **Czech Collaboration –**

#### Pilot Schools – Carbon Cycle Project participants

Schola Humanitas, Litvínov Střední lesnická škola, Šluknov Střední odborná škola a Gymnázium, Staré Město Česko-anglické gymnázium, České Budějovice Gymnázium Kadaň Střední vinařská škola, Valtice SPŠP - COP, Zlín ISŠ - COP, Valašské Meziříčí Střední průmyslová škola, Karviná Purkyňovo gymnázium, Strážnice www.humanitas.cz www.lesnicka-skola.cz www.szesgsm.cz www.cag.cz www.gymnazium-kadan.cz www.svisv.cz www.isstzlin.cz www.isscopvm.cz www.sps-karvina.cz www.gys.cz





## **Czech Collaboration –** Web site

## http://kfrserver.natur.cuni.cz/globe/



- University of New Hampshire, USA

- Charles University of Prague, CZ
- Tereza Association, CZ



## Carbon Cycle Team – We get ready!

**Carbon Cycle** 

GLOBE

